

Contents

EnglishSmart in 90 Days

- 1 The Apple Farm
- 2 Consonant Blends (1)
- 3 Cassandra's Castle
- 4 Consonant Blends (2)
- 5 Penguin Parents
- 6 Consonant Blends (3)
- 7 Coming to Canada
- 8 Consonant Digraphs
- 9 Canada's First Prime Minister
- 10 You Deserve A Break!**
- 11 Silent Consonants
- 12 Blueberry Heaven
- 13 Vowel Diphthongs
- 14 Chocolate Crunchy Yum-Yums
- 15 Long Vowel Digraphs
- 16 Munching on M&Ms
- 17 R-Controlled Vowels
- 18 Mr. Mouse and Mischka
- 19 Rhyming Words
- 20 You Deserve A Break!**
- 21 The Beautiful Butterfly
- 22 Nouns (1)
- 23 Life Cycle of the Butterfly
- 24 Nouns (2)
- 25 Pumpkins, Pumpkins Everywhere!
- 26 Nouns (3)
- 27 Anoushka's Garden
- 28 Nouns (4)
- 29 Canadian Thanksgiving
- 30 You Deserve A Break!**
- 31 Sentences
- 32 Ch'uosok: Korean Thanksgiving
- 33 Subjects of Sentences
- 34 Building an Ice Rink
- 35 Predicates of Sentences
- 36 Solids, Liquids, and Gases
- 37 Telling Sentences
- 38 Lovely Ladybugs
- 39 Asking Sentences
- 40 You Deserve A Break!**
- 41 Louise: the Life of a Ladybug
- 42 Exclamatory Sentences
- 43 Day of the Dead
- 44 Imperative Sentences
- 45 La Befana
- 46 Punctuation and Capitalization

- 47 Celebrating Diwali
- 48 Word Order in Sentences
- 49 Chinese New Year
- 50 You Deserve A Break!**
- 51 Related Sentences
- 52 The Royal Ontario Museum
- 53 Pronouns (1)
- 54 Bats, Bats, Bodacious Bats
- 55 Pronouns (2)
- 56 The Talking Fish (1)
- 57 Verbs
- 58 The Talking Fish (2)
- 59 Present Tense Verbs
- 60 You Deserve A Break!**
- 61 Maslyanitsa
- 62 Past Tense Verbs (1)
- 63 Birthdays around the World
- 64 Past Tense Verbs (2)
- 65 Canada's Birthday
- 66 The Verb "Be" (1)
- 67 Cirque du Soleil
- 68 The Verb "Be" (2)
- 69 Emma Rose and the Singing Whales
- 70 You Deserve A Break!**
- 71 The Verb "Be" (3)
- 72 Water, Wonderful Water
- 73 Adjectives
- 74 Making a Hurricane
- 75 Prepositions
- 76 The Model Airplane (1)
- 77 Articles
- 78 The Model Airplane (2)
- 79 Synonyms
- 80 You Deserve A Break!**
- 81 What Is Energy?
- 82 Antonyms
- 83 The Smelly Bear (1)
- 84 Homophones
- 85 The Smelly Bear (2)
- 86 Forming Negative Sentences (1)
- 87 Milly's Magnificent Adventure
- 88 Forming Negative Sentences (2)
- 89 Sequencing
- 90 You Deserve A Break!**
- Answers**

Date : _____

Day

21

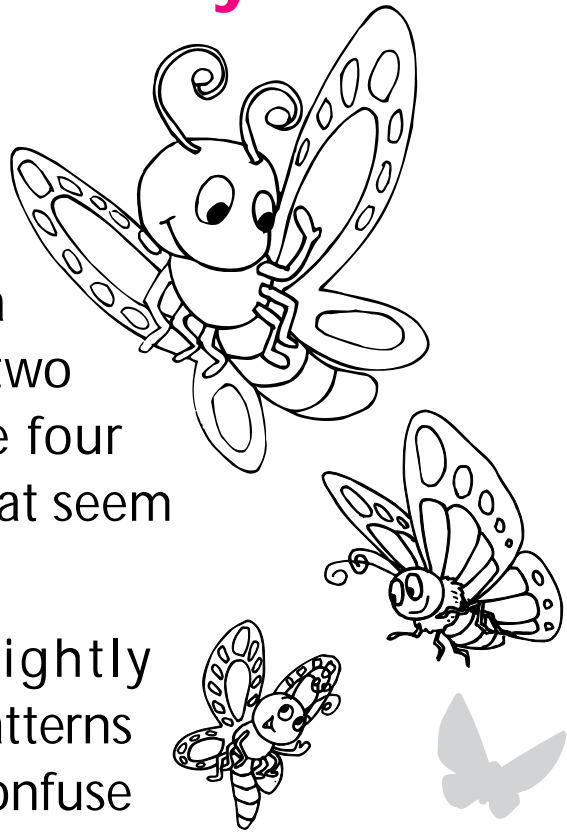
The Beautiful Butterfly

Butterflies are found in all parts of the world, except the North and South Poles. Like most insects, butterflies have a head, a thorax, an abdomen, six legs, and two antennae. Most butterflies have four wings, covered with tiny scales that seem to shimmer in the daylight.

Some butterflies are very brightly coloured while others have bold patterns and scary eyespots. These spots confuse their enemies because they make the butterflies look like a much larger animal.

Butterflies stop and rest with their wings closed. They camouflage themselves from their enemies by blending into the background of trees, flowers, grass, and other vegetation.

Some butterflies migrate each year. The most famous migrating butterfly is the Monarch. In summer, Monarchs live in Canada and the United States. In the fall and winter months, they fly to Mexico, California, or Florida and return again in spring.



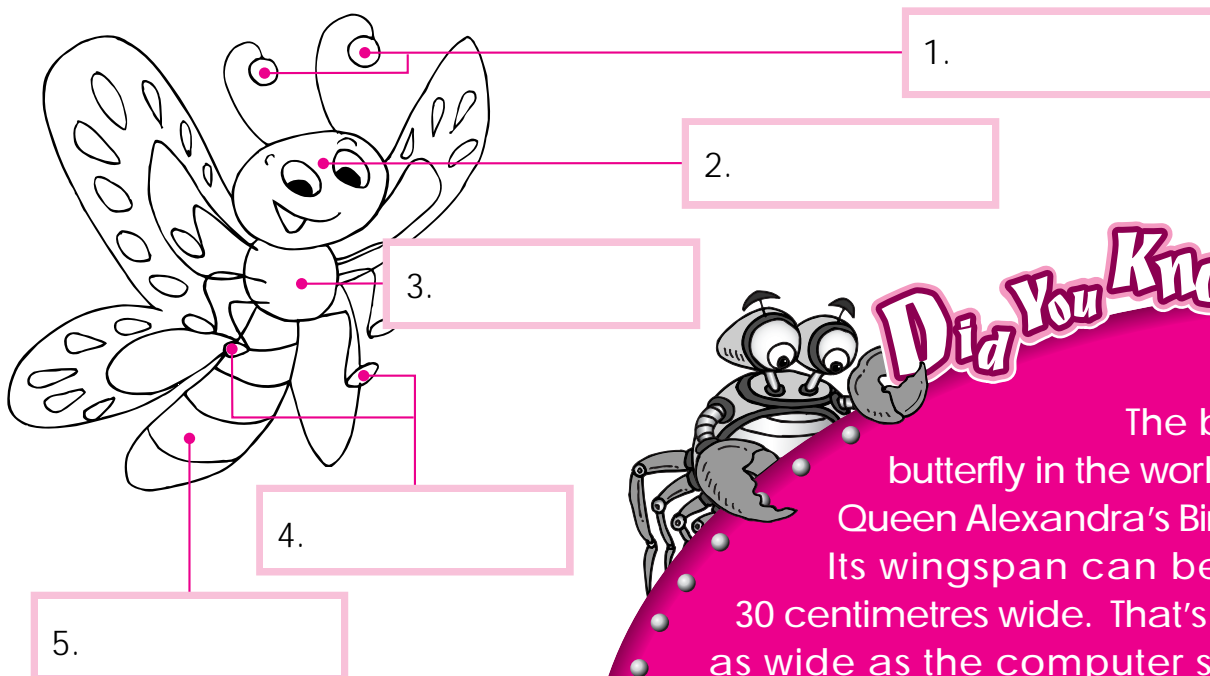
A. Fill in the blanks with words from the butterfly.

1. There are no butterflies in the North and South _____ .
2. Monarch butterflies are famous because they _____ .
3. Butterflies are _____ .
4. The eyespots on some butterflies are there to scare away _____ .
5. Camouflaging yourself means _____ into the background.

Americas
enemies
blending
birds

migrate
insects
friends
Poles

B. Name the different parts of the butterfly.



Did You Know?

The biggest butterfly in the world is the Queen Alexandra's Birdwing. Its wingspan can be up to 30 centimetres wide. That's almost as wide as the computer screen!

Nouns (3)

Singular and Plural Nouns

A **singular noun** names one person, animal, place, or thing.

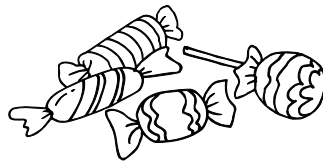
Examples: The girl likes playing with the dog.

A **plural noun** names more than one person, animal, place, or thing. Many plural nouns are formed by adding "s" to the singular nouns.

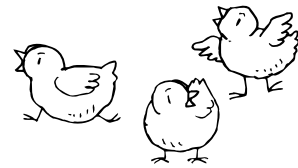
Examples: The girls like playing with the dogs.

A. Write the noun under each picture. Change the singular noun to plural if the picture shows more than one.

1.



2.



kid

apple

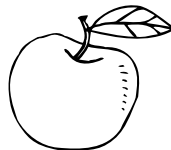
parrot

mouse

sweet

chick

3.



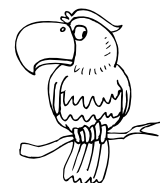
4.



5.



6.



Forming Plural Nouns

– For nouns ending in “s”, “x”, “ch”, or “sh”, add “es” to form the plural.

Examples: bus → buses

beach → beaches

– For nouns ending in “y”, change the “y” to “i” and add “es”.

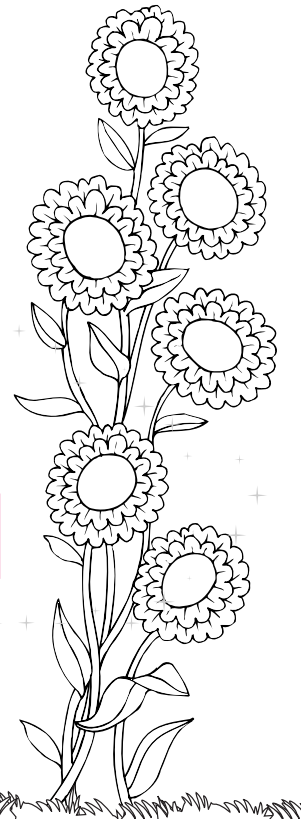
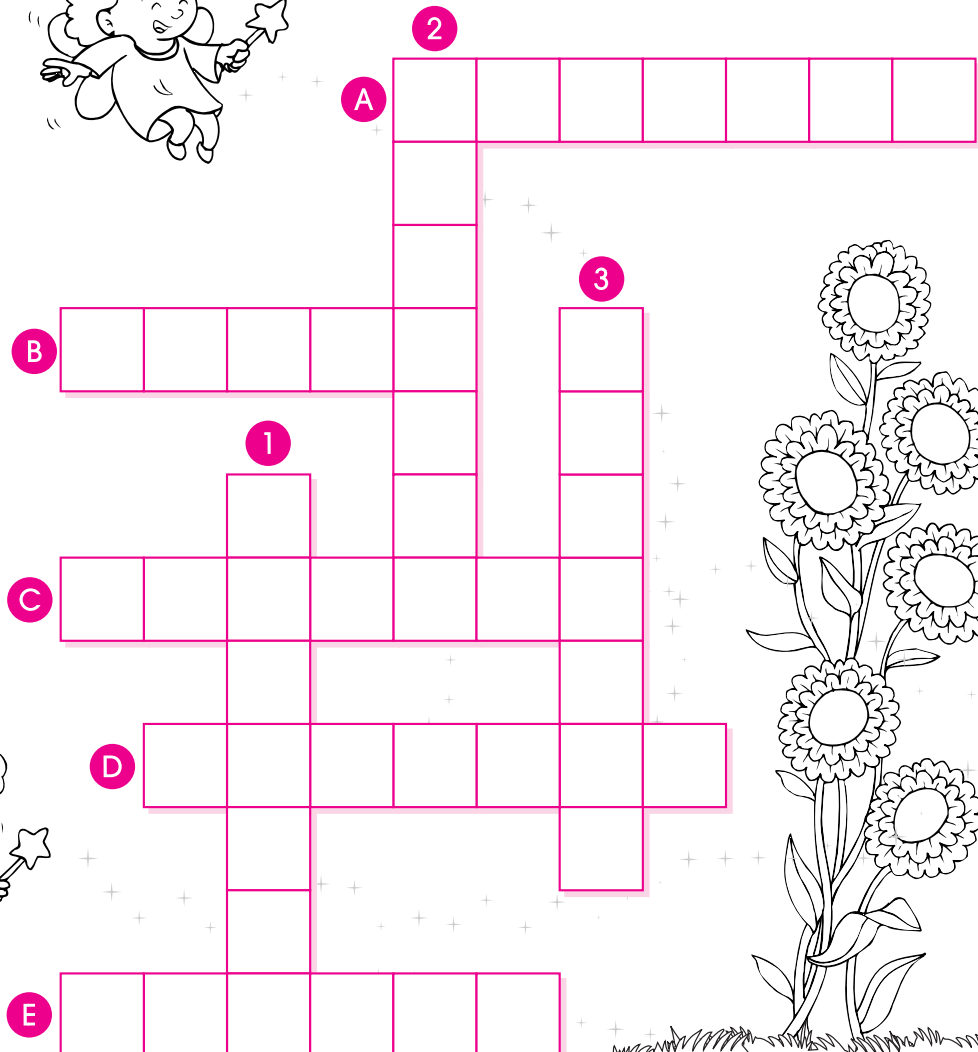
Examples: lily → lilies

baby → babies

B. Complete the crossword puzzle with the plural form of the clue words.

Across

- A. bench
- B. box
- C. glass
- D. dress
- E. wish



Down

- 1. fairy
- 2. brush
- 3. daisy

